

# Laser Desorption/Ionization Time-of-Flight Mass Spectrometry for Future *In Situ* Planetary Missions



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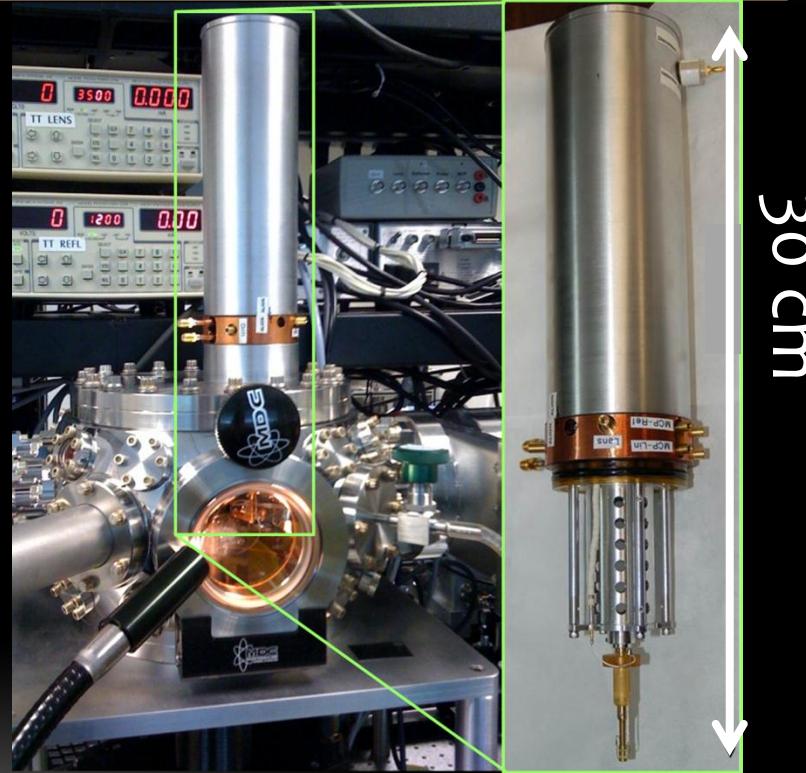
New Mexico State University

# IN SITU INSTRUMENT DEVELOPMENT: LD-TOF-MS IN A COMPACT INSTRUMENT



Commercial LD-TOF-MS is a gold-standard technique for the analysis of biomolecules

We have built a miniature LD-TOF-MS smaller by an order of magnitude

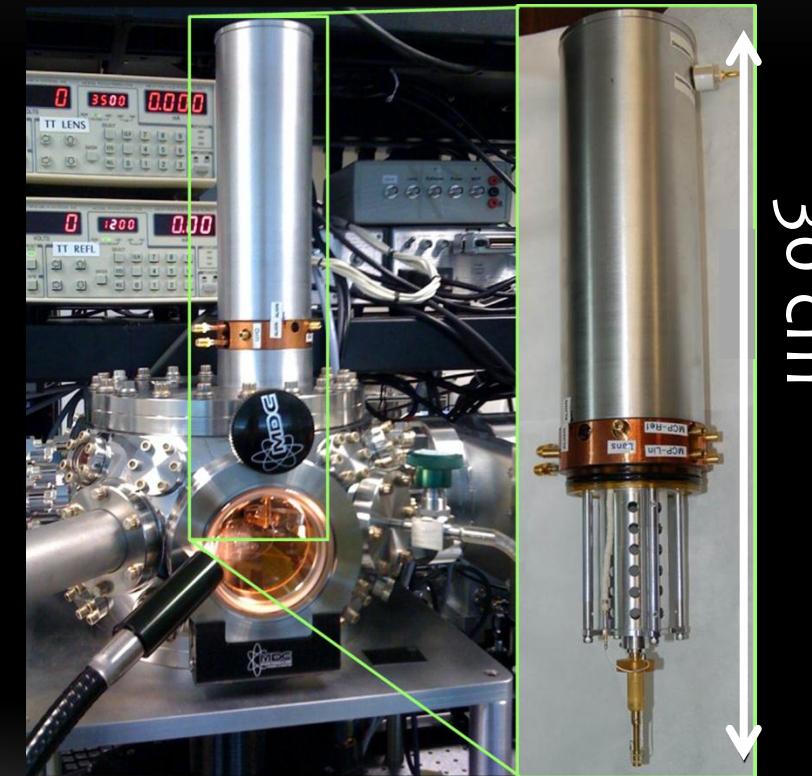


# IN SITU INSTRUMENT DEVELOPMENT: LD-TOF-MS FOR IN SITU COMPOSITION

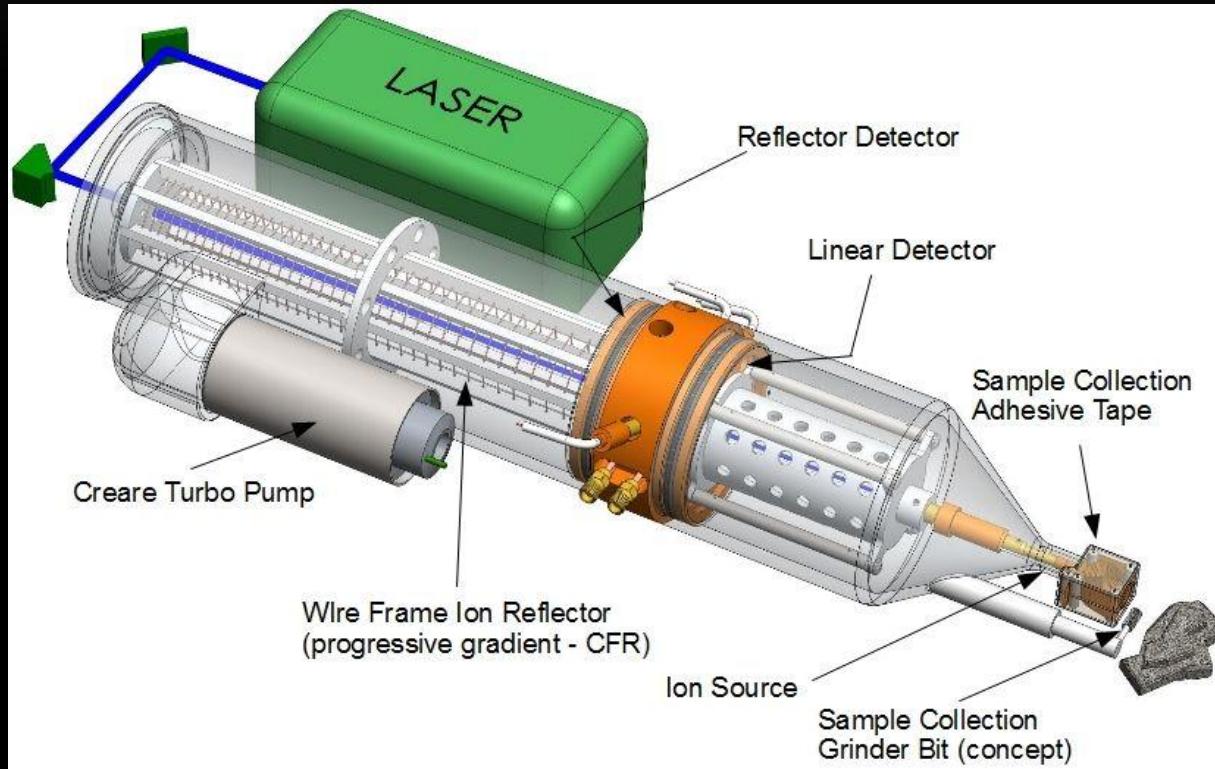
LD-TOF is more generally capable of broadband detection of inorganic and organic composition directly from a solid sample

- Mineral composition
- Small organics: amino acids, carboxylic acids, polycyclic aromatics, etc.
- Intermediate organics: molecular fossil precursors, conjugated polymers, etc.
- Large organics: peptides, biopolymers, etc.
- Can resolve elemental isotopes and  $^{12}\text{C}$ ,  $^{13}\text{C}$  isotope patterns in organics

We have demonstrated this broad detection capability using a diverse suite of standards, analogs, and simulants



# INSTRUMENT DESIGN: 5 KG-CLASS IN SITU ANALYZER



LD-TOF-MS Mass Estimate	
Subsystem	Mass/g
1. TOF-MS	700
1.1 Mass Analyzer	330
1.2 Housing	370
2. Laser	1693
3. Optical	380
4. Electronics	1826
4.1 Comm/Data	291
4.2 Power Supply	585
4.3 Pulsed HV	440
4.4 Detector	260
4.5 Harness	250
5. Turbo Pump	550
5.1 Pump, 200 krpm	200
5.2 Controller	350
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>5149</b>
<b>TOTAL + 30% Margin</b>	<b>6848</b>

# COMPARISON: ADVANTAGES OF LD-TOF-MS

	GC-QMS (SAM)	LDI-ITMS (MOMA-MS)	LD-TOF-MS
Sample: Volatile vs Non-volatile	Volatile	Non-volatile (Volatile with GC-EI)	Non-volatile
Power Supply	RF	RF	Pulsed DC
Mass Range	2-535 Da	1-2,000 Da	1-150,000 Da
Ion Polarity	Positive ions	Positive ions	Positive and Negative
Instrument Mass [Estimates]	~15 kg	~7 kg	~5 kg

# EXAMPLE SPECTRA: STANDARDS AND ANALOG SAMPLES

## Positive Mode

- Inorganic (cation) Minerals •
  - Polycyclic Aromatics •
- High Molecular Weight Polymers and Biopolymers •

## Negative Mode

- Inorganic (anion) minerals •
- Amino Acids • Carboxylic Acids •
  - Analog Mixtures •

## Integrated *In Situ* Instrumentation

- Correlated IR and Mass Spectra •
- Advantages in Surface Operations, Confidence in Analyses •

## Advanced Mass Spectrometry

- Molecular Fingerprinting through Fragment Analysis •
- Specificity through Two-Step Laser Desorption/Ionization (L2MS) •

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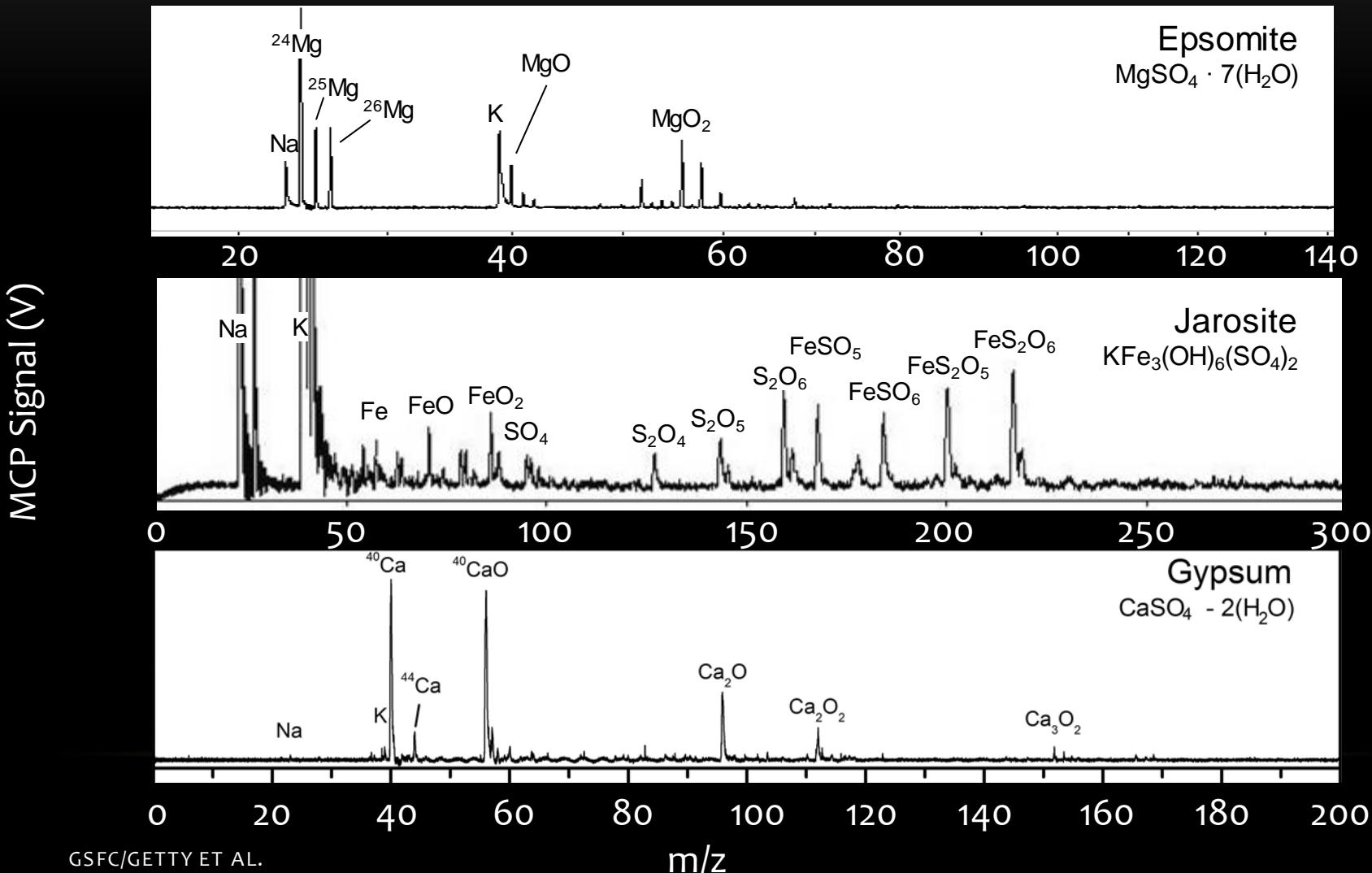
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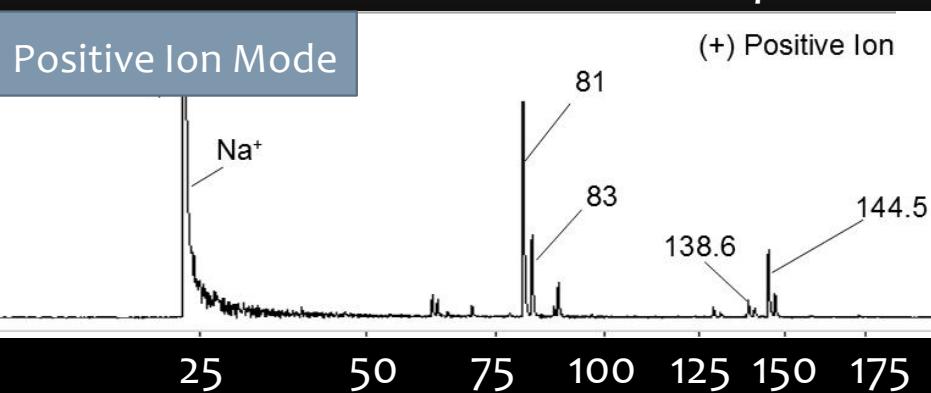
# POSITIVE ION MODE: INORGANIC (CATION) COMPOSITION

Sedimentary and Aqueously Altered Minerals,  
e.g., Sulfates, Carbonates, Iron Oxides, etc.

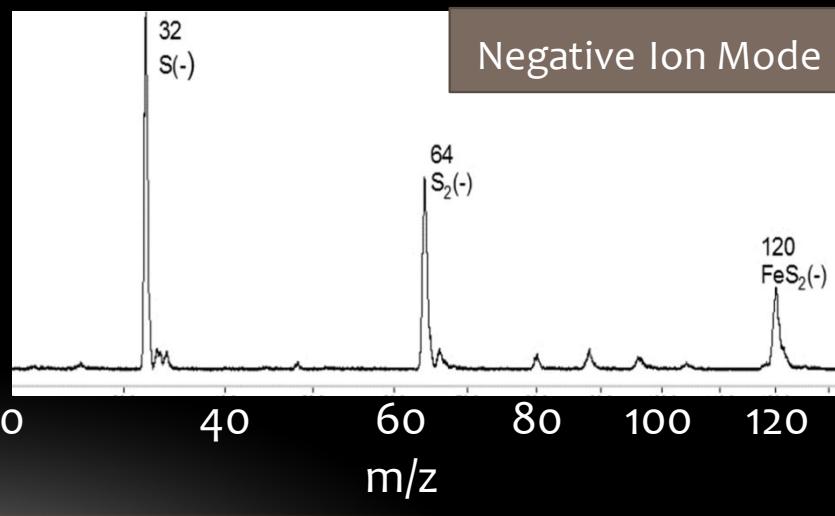
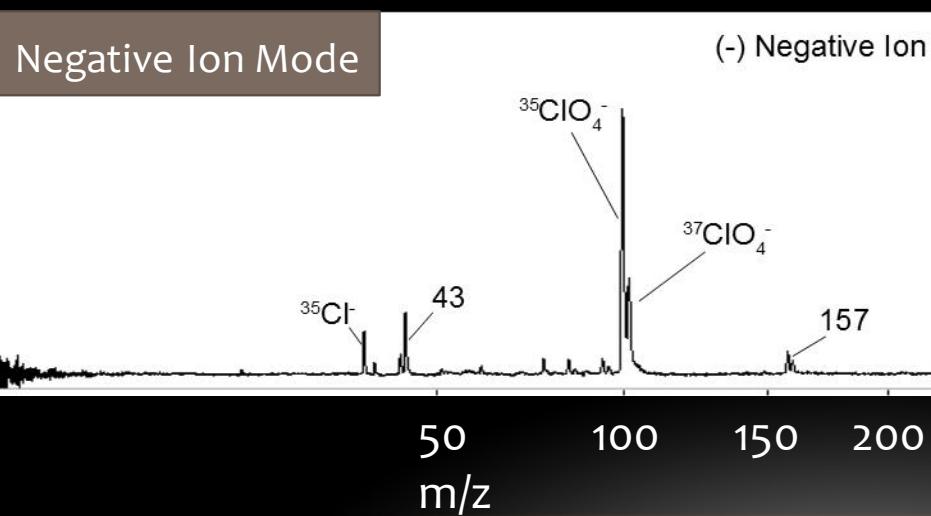
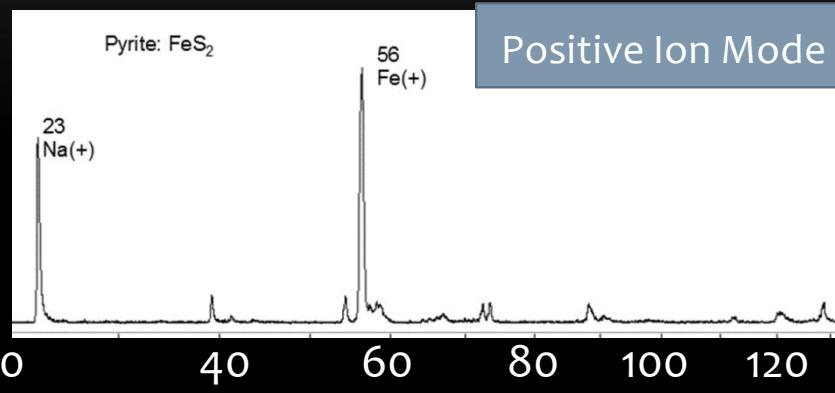


# COMPLEMENTARY POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE ION DETECTION: E.G., PERCHLORATES AND SULFIDES

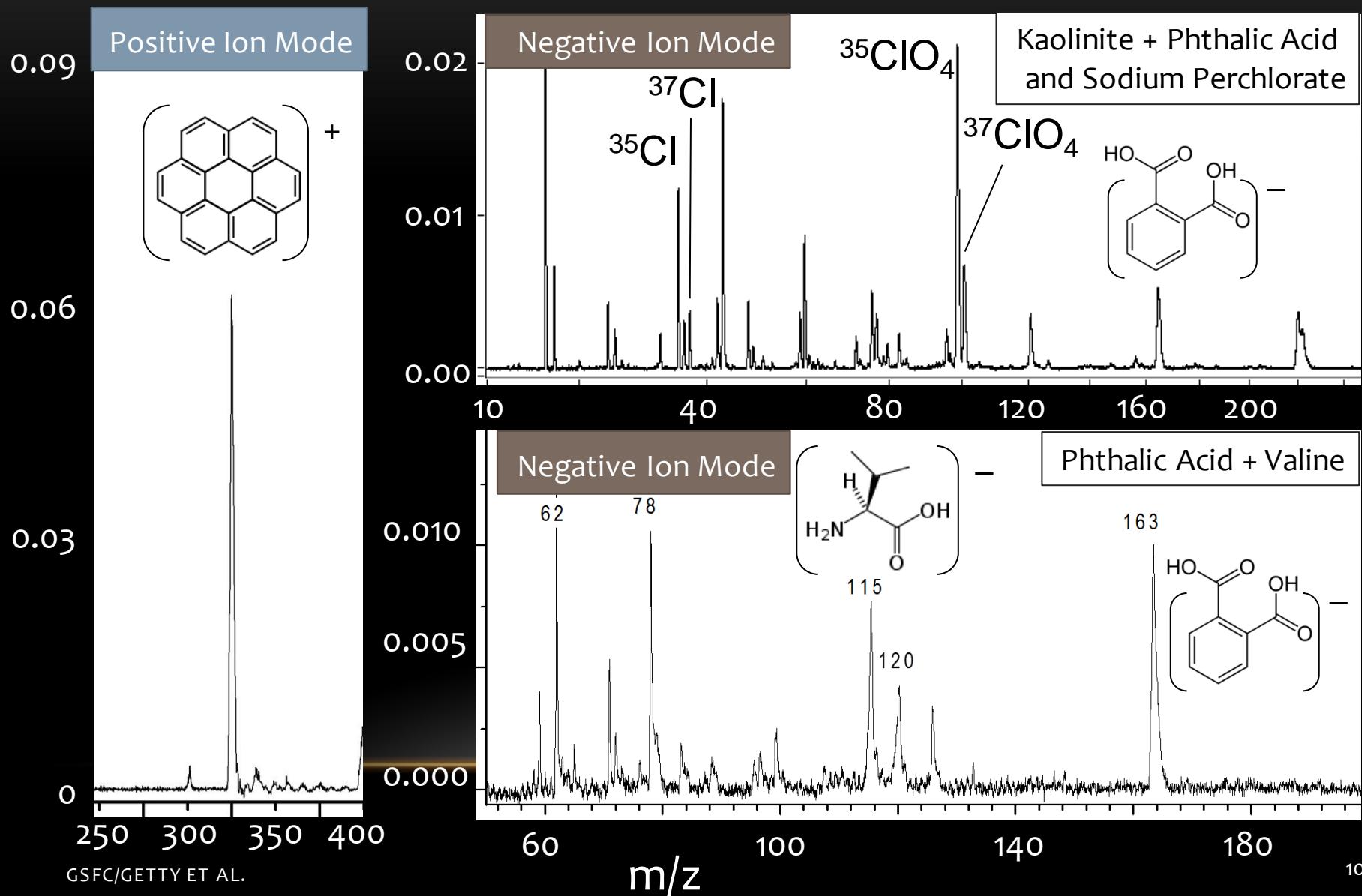
*Sodium Perchlorate ( $\text{NaClO}_4$ )*



*Pyrite ( $\text{FeS}_2$ )*

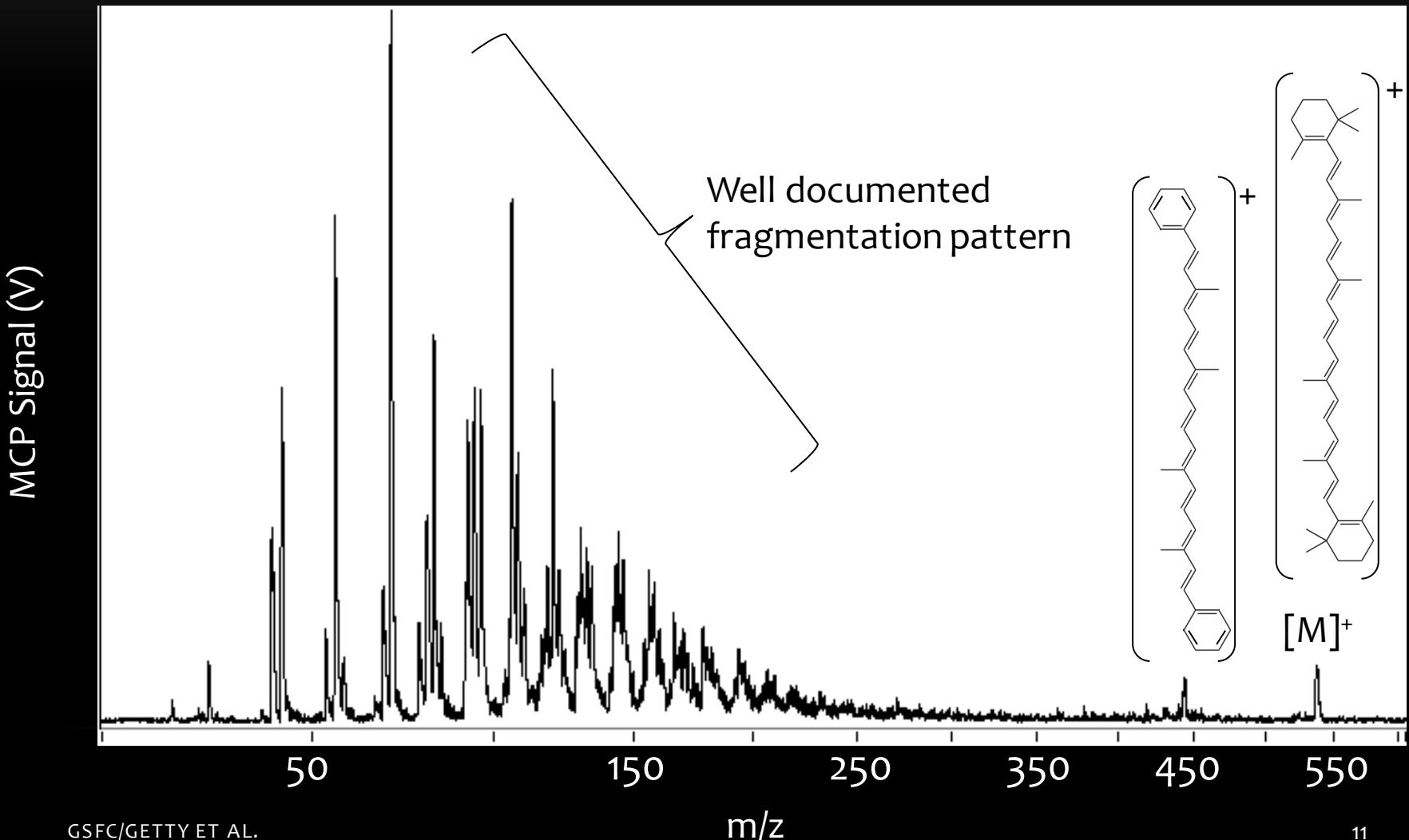


# COMPLEMENTARY POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE ION DETECTION: DETECTING ORGANICS ACROSS CLASSES



# POSITIVE ION MODE: ORGANIC COMPOSITION

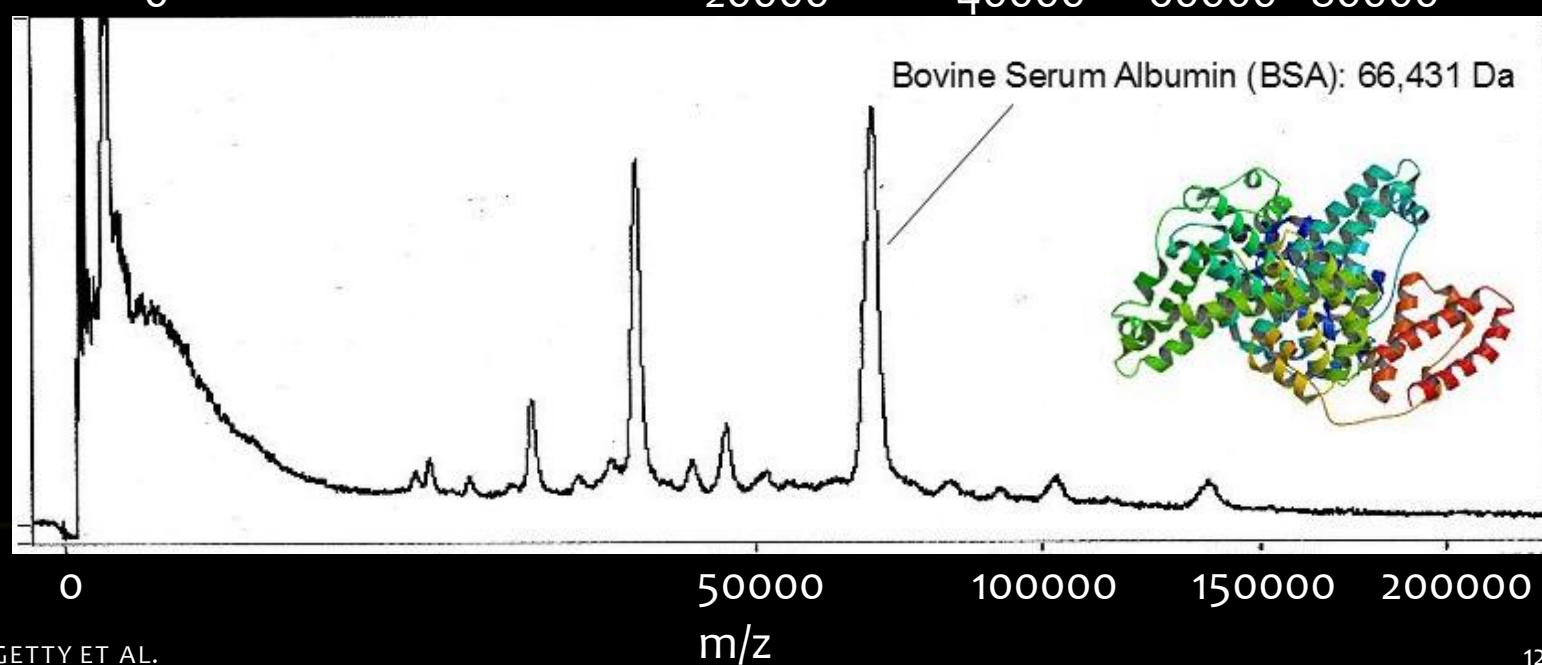
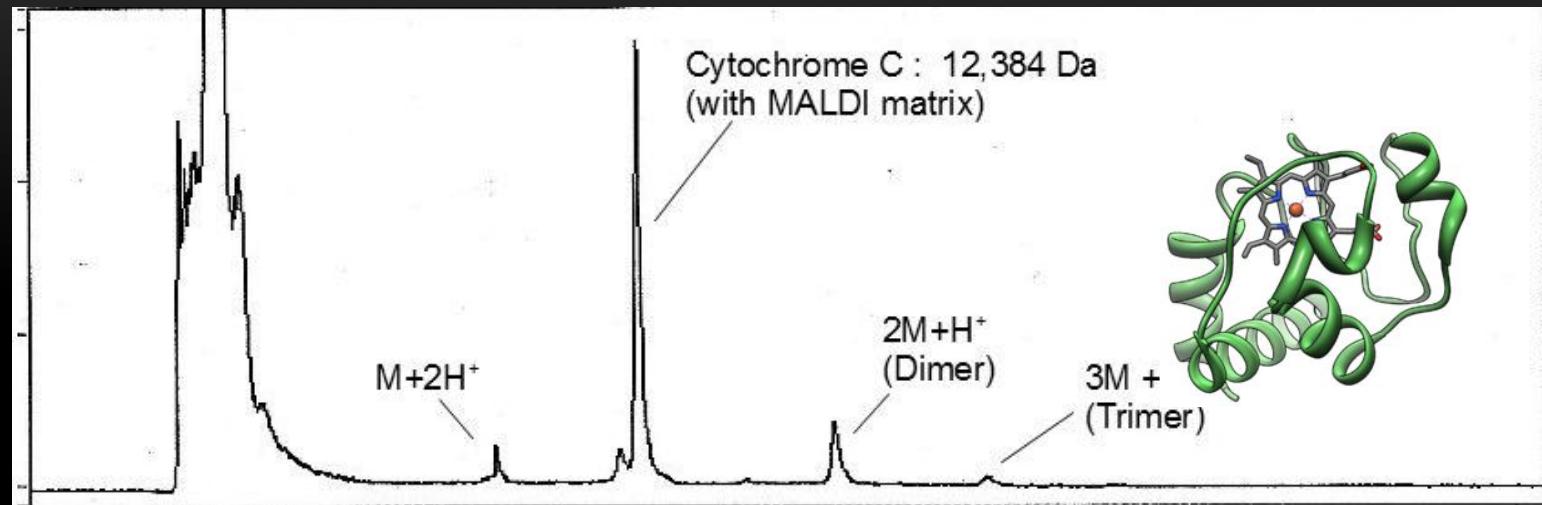
Beta-Carotene: relevant compound to molecular fossil precursors,  
polyacetylene synthesis in interstellar clouds



## EXAMPLE MEASUREMENTS:

# BIOMOLECULES NEXT GENERATION *IN SITU* ASTROBIOLOGY

MCP Signal (V)



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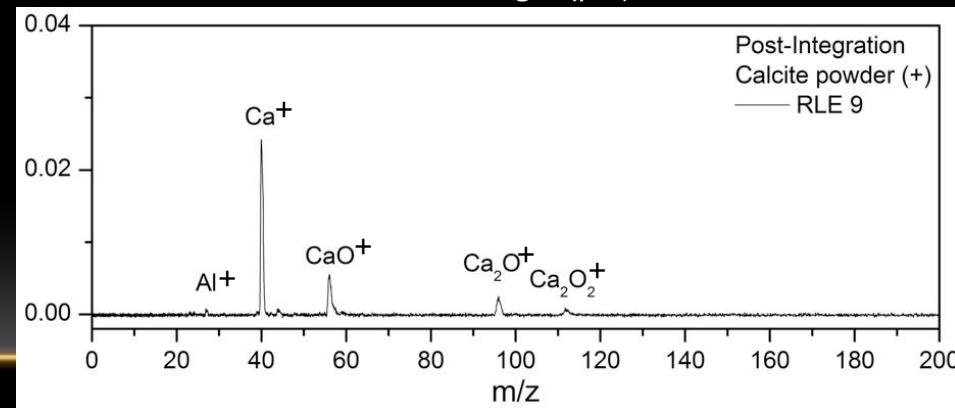
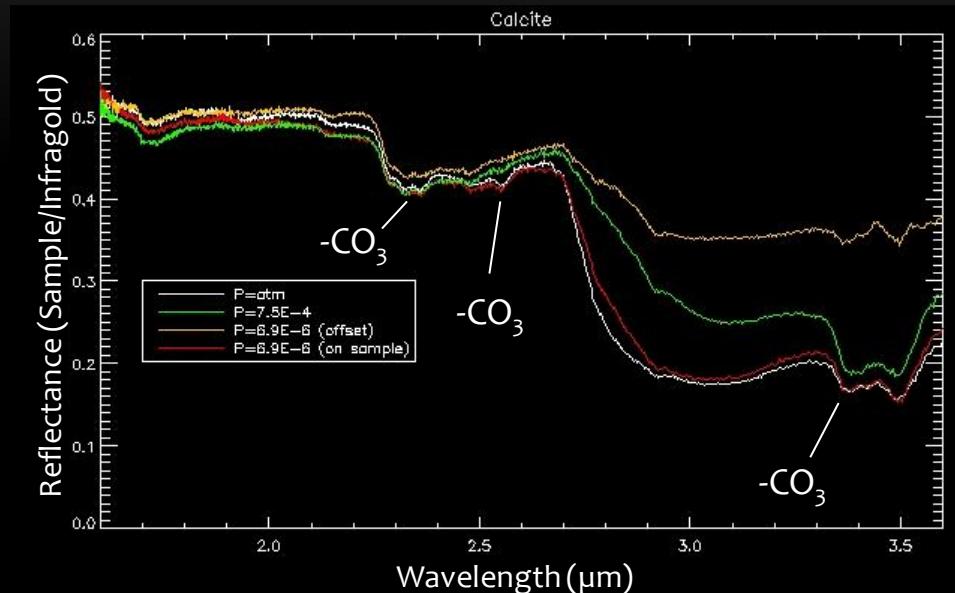
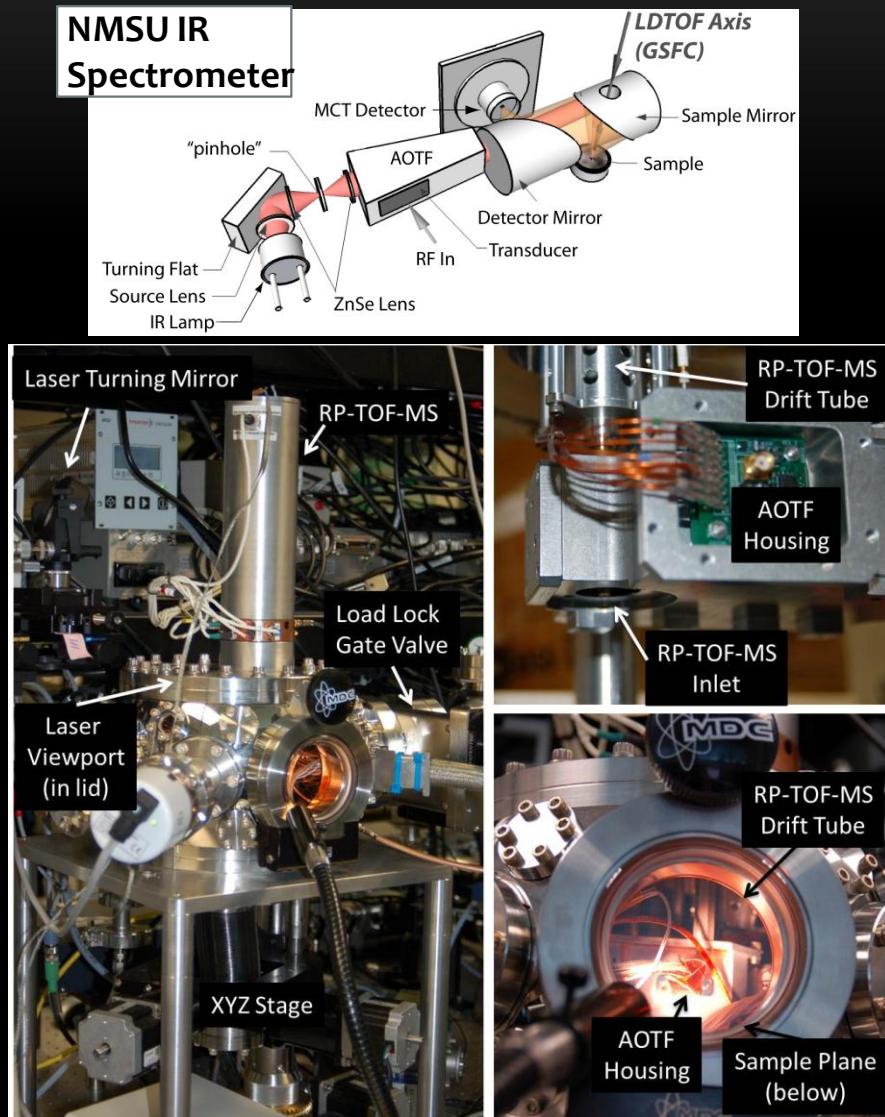
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# COMPLEMENTARY IN SITU ANALYSES: COINCIDENT IR AND MASS SPECTRA



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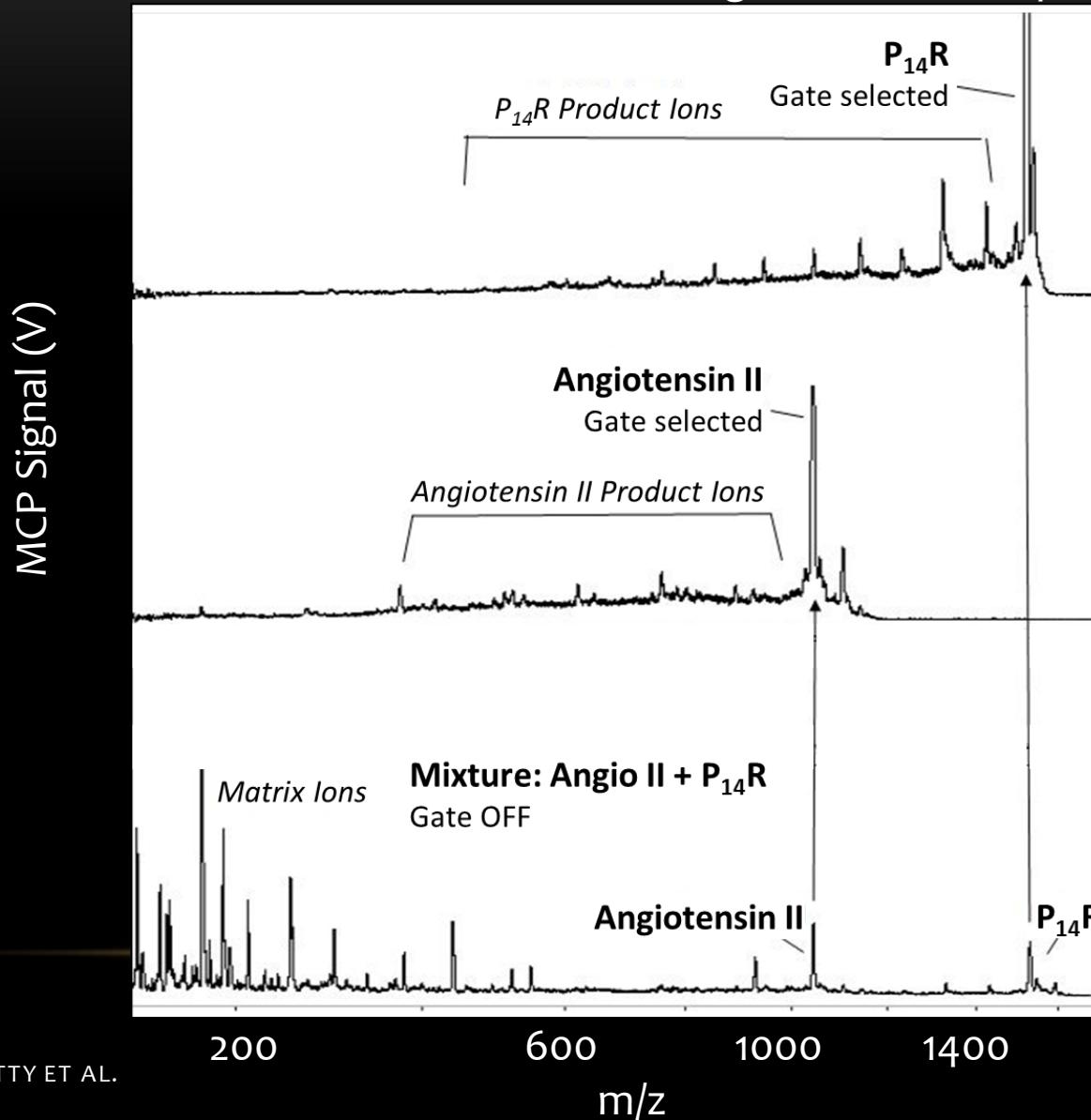
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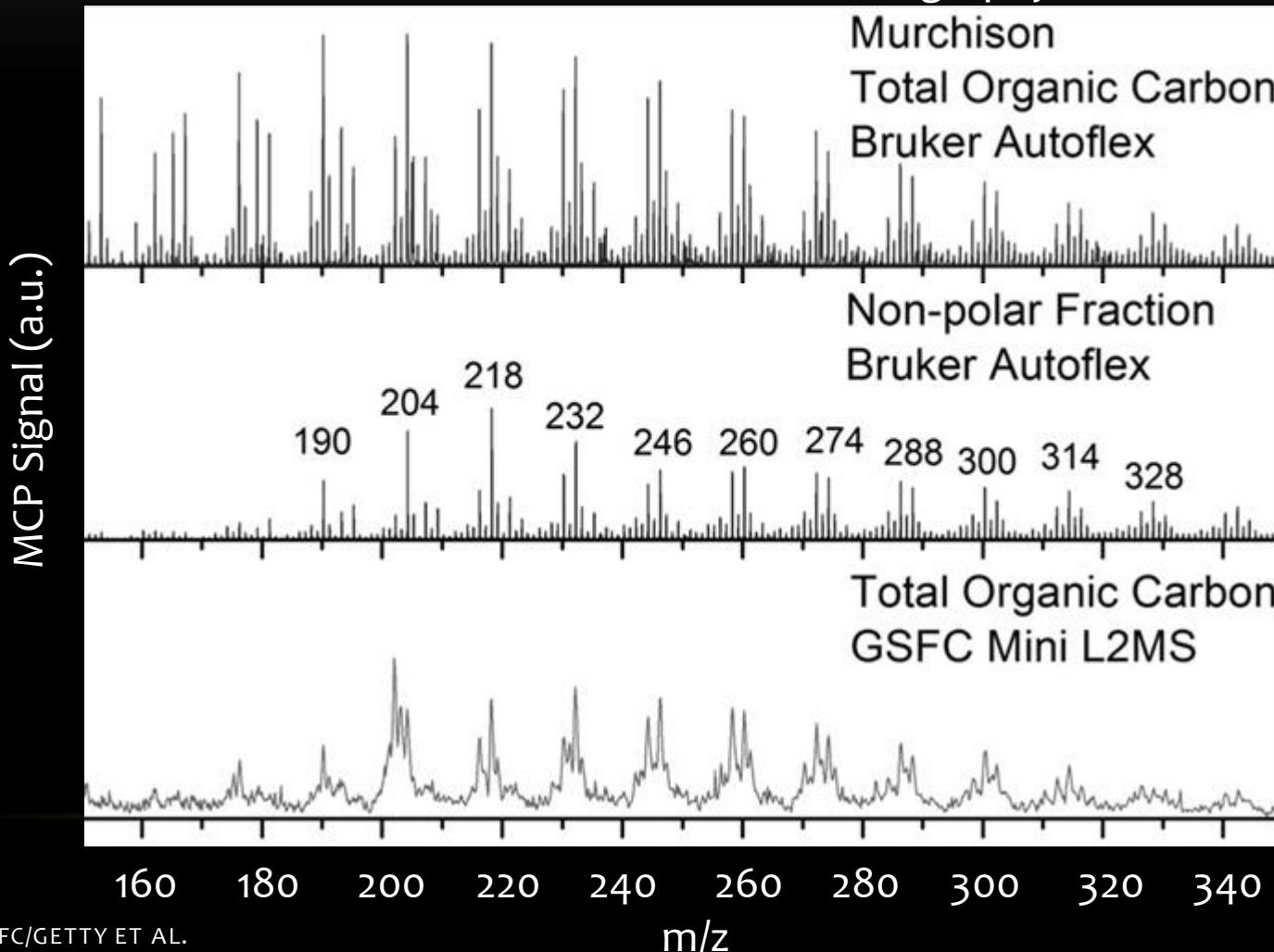
# ADVANCED MASS SPECTROMETRY: PRECISION ION GATING AND TANDEM MS

Structural determination using MS/MS techniques



# ADVANCED MASS SPECTROMETRY: TWO-STEP LASER IONIZATION FOR SPECIES SELECTIVITY IN A COMPLEX MIXTURE

Isolate the non-polar, aromatic fraction of complex sample  
without front-end chromatography

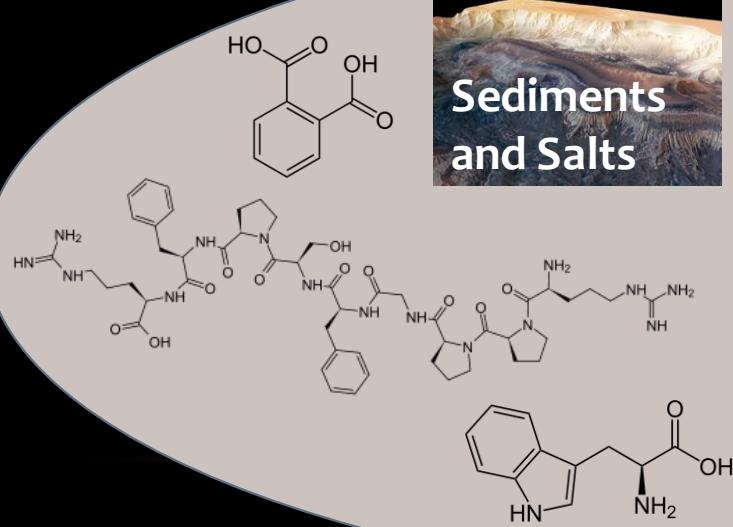


# LD-TOF-MS offers a compelling *in situ* capability for exploration of high priority planetary surface materials: Sediments – Regolith – Ices

## Contextual Mineralogy • Organic Building Blocks • Biological Polymers

### Planetary Evolution:

Evidence for extinct/extant life  
Preserved organics  
Sample selection  
Mineralogical context



### Primitive Materials:

Prebiotic chemistry  
Organics available to early Earth  
Sample selection  
Mineralogical context

