

Pulsed Airborne Lidar Measurements of Atmospheric CO₂ Column Absorption & lineshapes from 3-13 km altitudes

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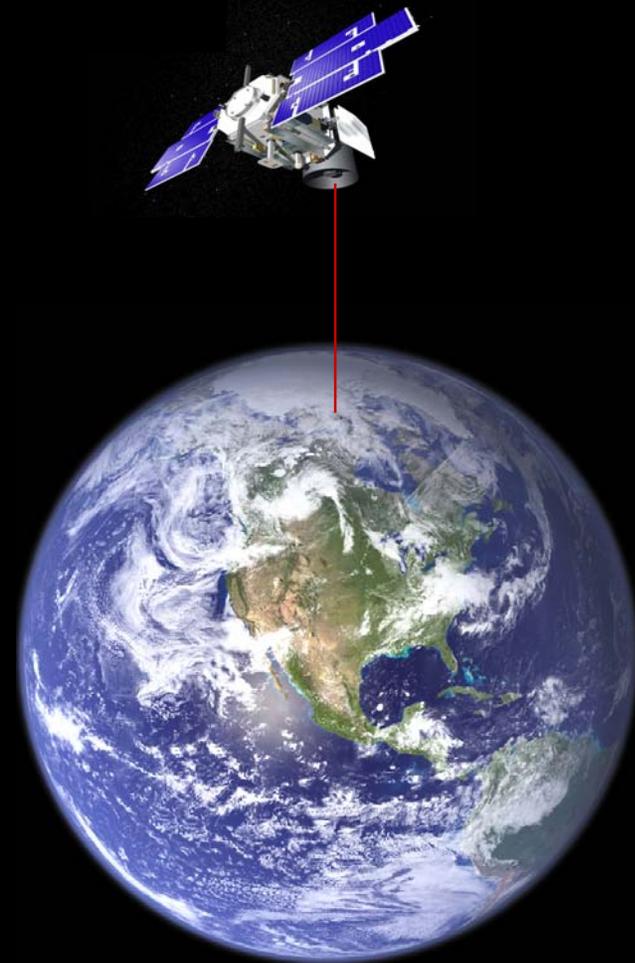
** -Sigma Space, ** GEST, Univ. of Maryland*

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Laser Sounder Approach for ASCENDS Mission



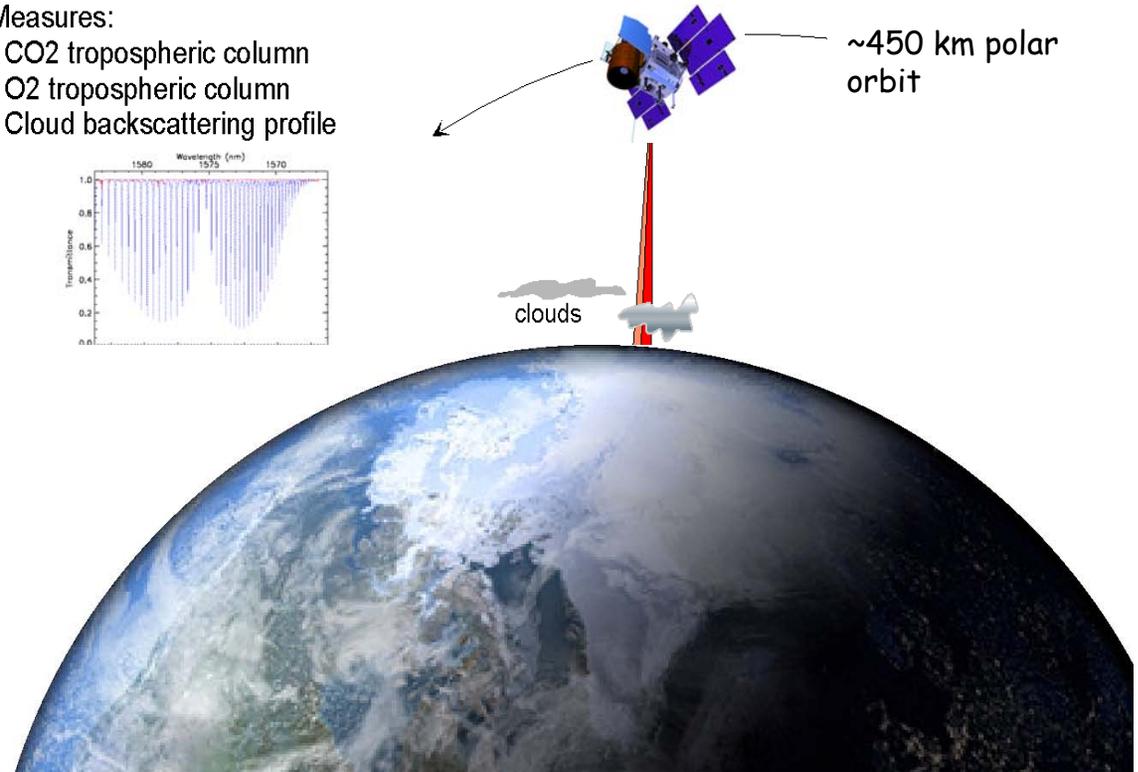
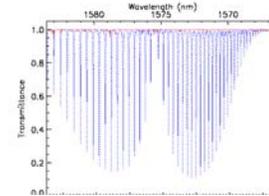
Simultaneous laser measurements:

1. CO2 lower tropospheric column
One line near 1572 nm
2. CO2 full column (line area)
3. O2 total column (surface pressure)
Measured between 2 lines near 765 nm
4. Altimetry & atmospheric backscatter profile from CO2 signal:
Surface height and atmospheric scattering profile at 1572 nm

Measurements use:

- Pulsed lasers
- 8-10 KHZ pulse rates
- ≥ 8 laser wavelengths for CO2 line
- Time gated Photon counting receiver

- Measures:
- CO2 tropospheric column
 - O2 tropospheric column
 - Cloud backscattering profile

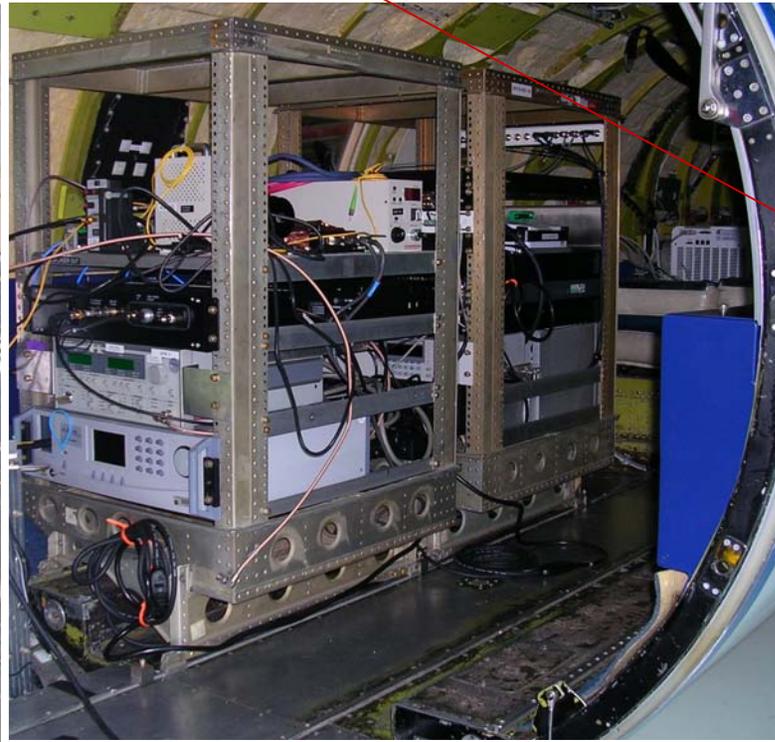
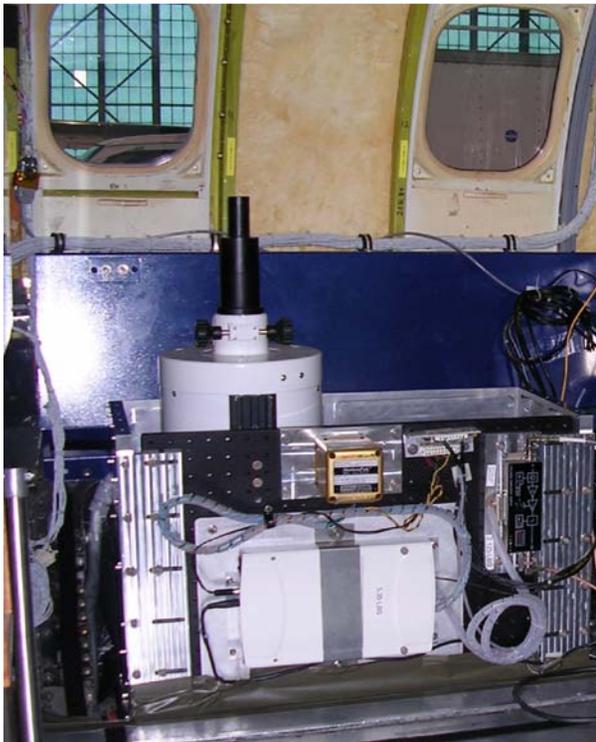


CO2 & O2 column measurements:

- Pulsed (time gated) signals :
 - Isolates full column signal from surface
 - Reduces noise from detector & solar background
- Target: ~ 1 ppmV in ~ 100 km along track sample



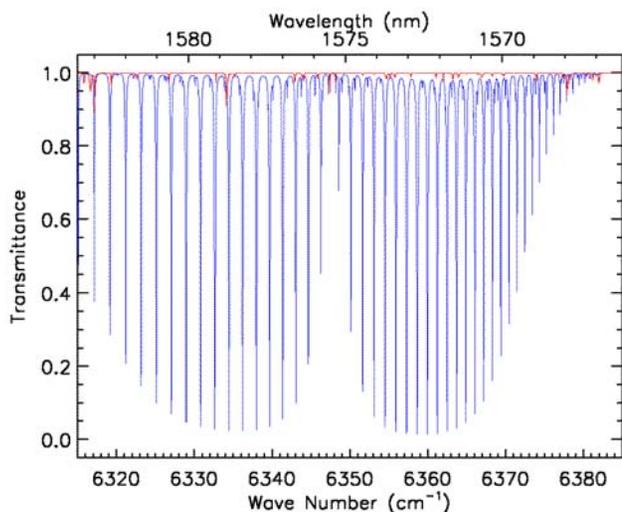
**Pulsed Airborne
CO2 Sounder
Instrument
on the
NASA Glenn
Lear-25
October &
December 2008**



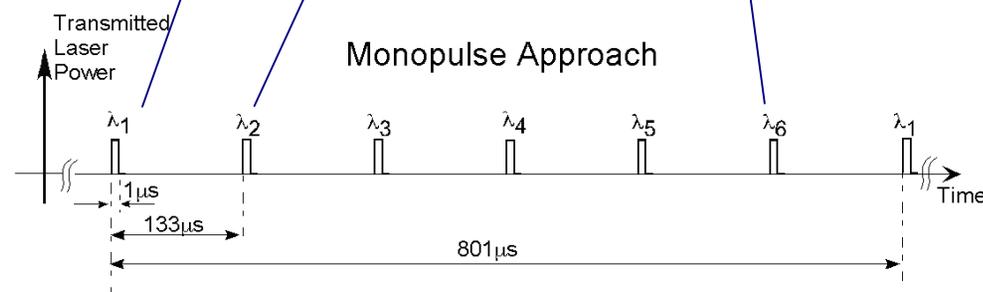
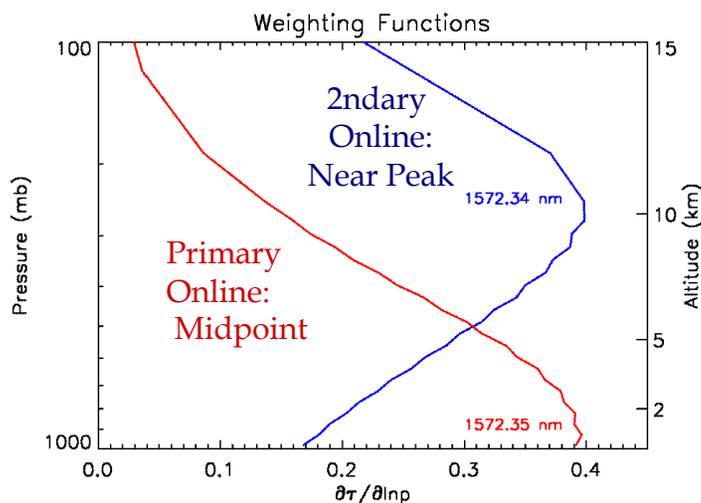
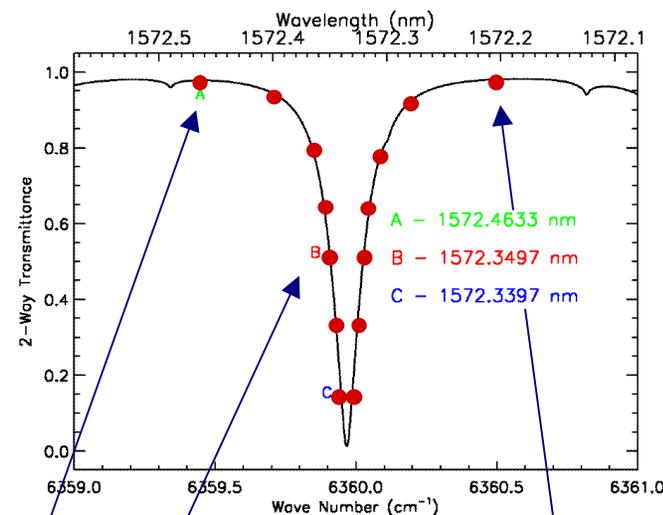
View of nadir port showing
transmit and receiver
windows



Candidate CO2 Line, Sampling & Vertical Weighting Functions



Airborne lidar used 10 & 20 wavelength samples across line



Multi-wavelength Line Sampling allows:

- Detection & correction of Doppler & λ errors
- Modeling \rightarrow reduces errors from varying λ response
- CO2 retrievals for: Lower troposphere
- Total column; Line shape information

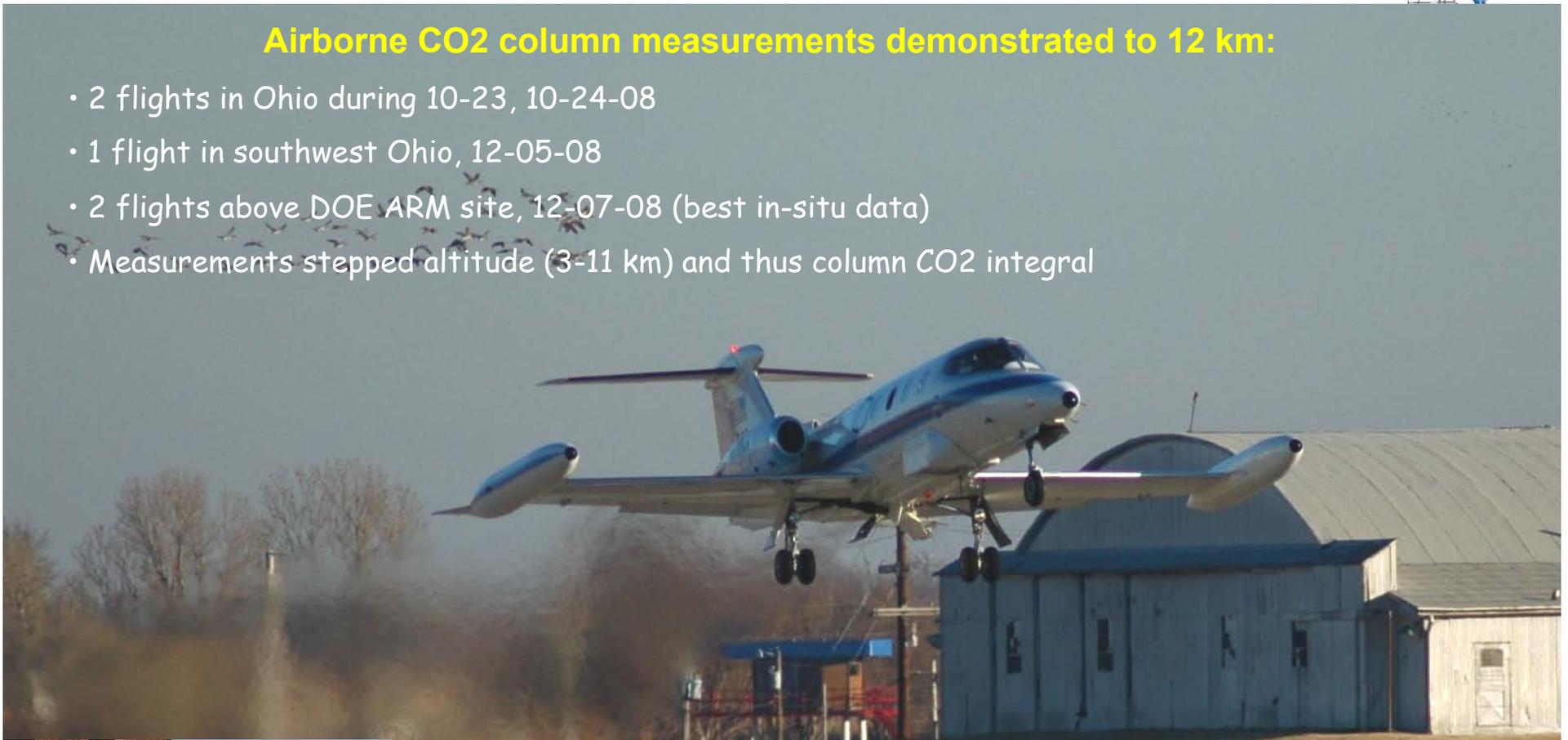


Airborne Measurement Demonstrations - 2008



Airborne CO₂ column measurements demonstrated to 12 km:

- 2 flights in Ohio during 10-23, 10-24-08
- 1 flight in southwest Ohio, 12-05-08
- 2 flights above DOE ARM site, 12-07-08 (best in-situ data)
- Measurements stepped altitude (3-11 km) and thus column CO₂ integral

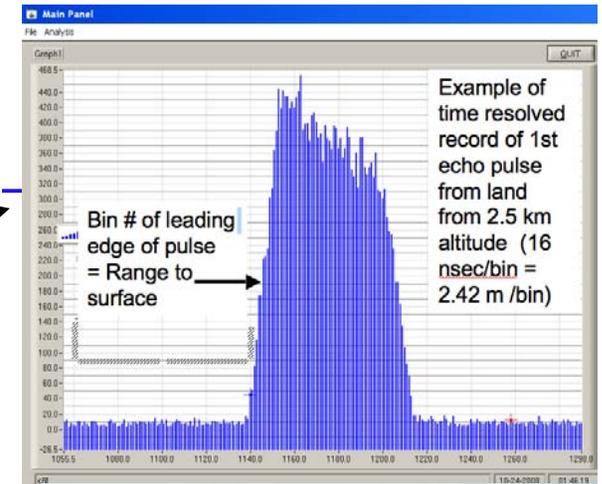
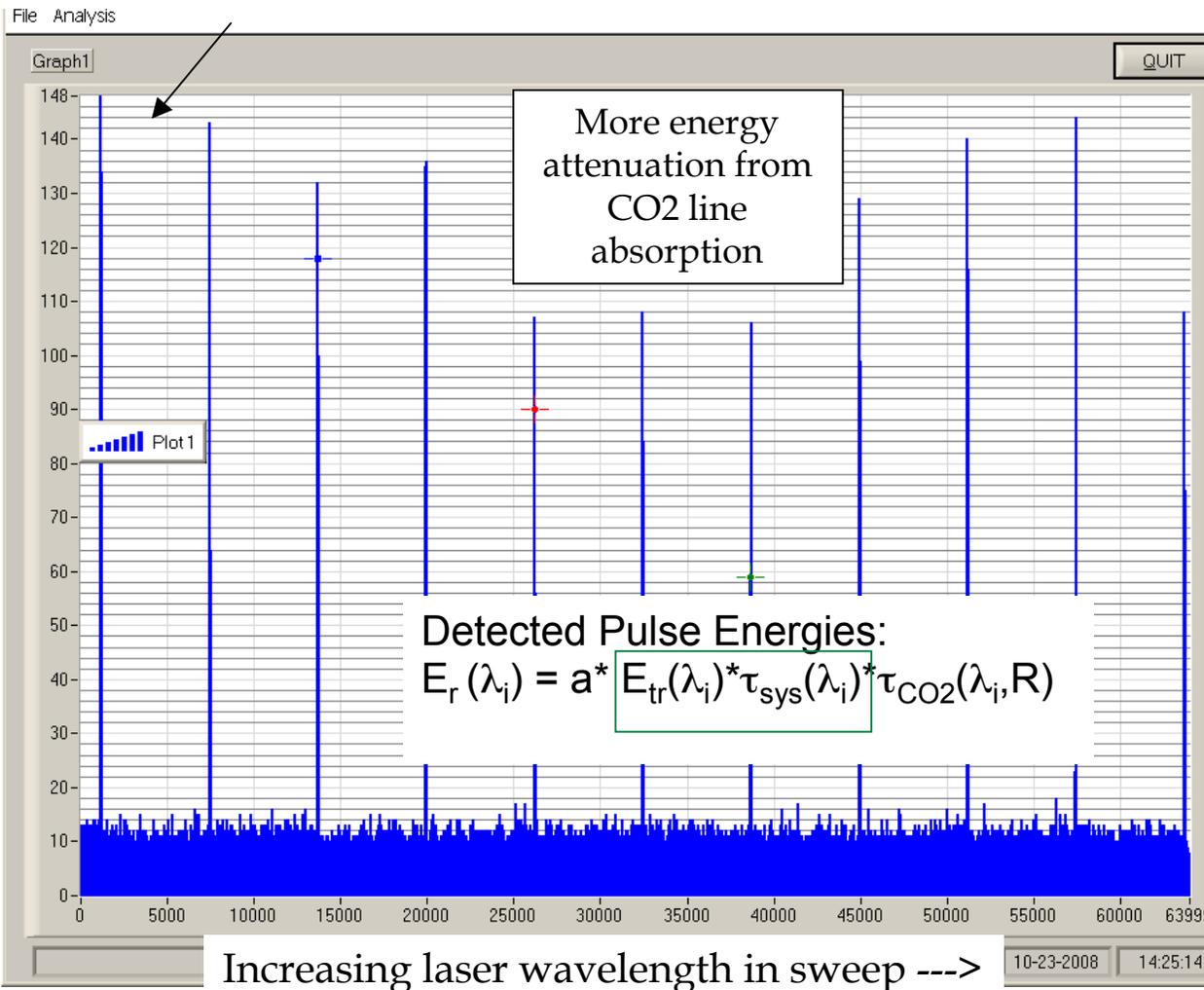


DOE ARM Site deployment:
Background - NASA Glenn Lear 25 takeoff from Ponca City Airport on 12/7/08 (Graham Allan photo)
Left - Goddard field experiment team
Right - DOE Cessna aircraft with in-situ CO₂ sampler (courtesy of Sebastien Biraud/LBL)

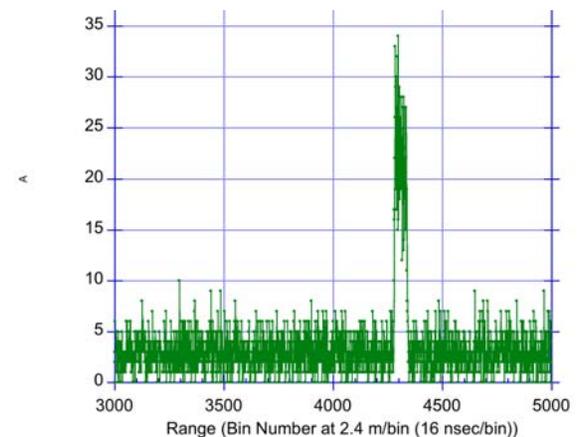


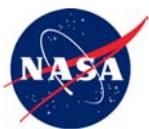
Sample wavelength Scan & Echo Pulses at 2.5 & 10 km Altitudes (1 sec averaging time)

Delay time of pulse train => range to surface
(Scattering above ground occurs before the ground echo)



Expanded view of 1st pulse reflected from Lake Erie surface at 10 km altitude





2009 Flight Example: Measuring through Cloud deck over Homer IL



Cirrus at
~32000 ft

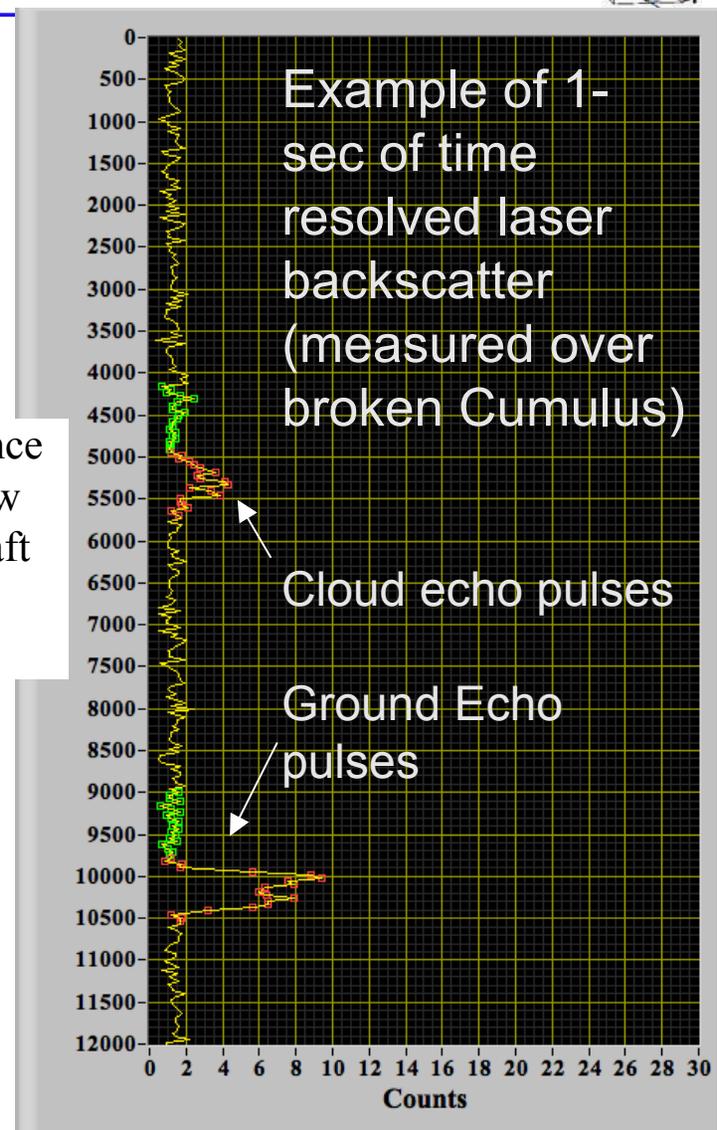


Broken
Cumulus
~5000'



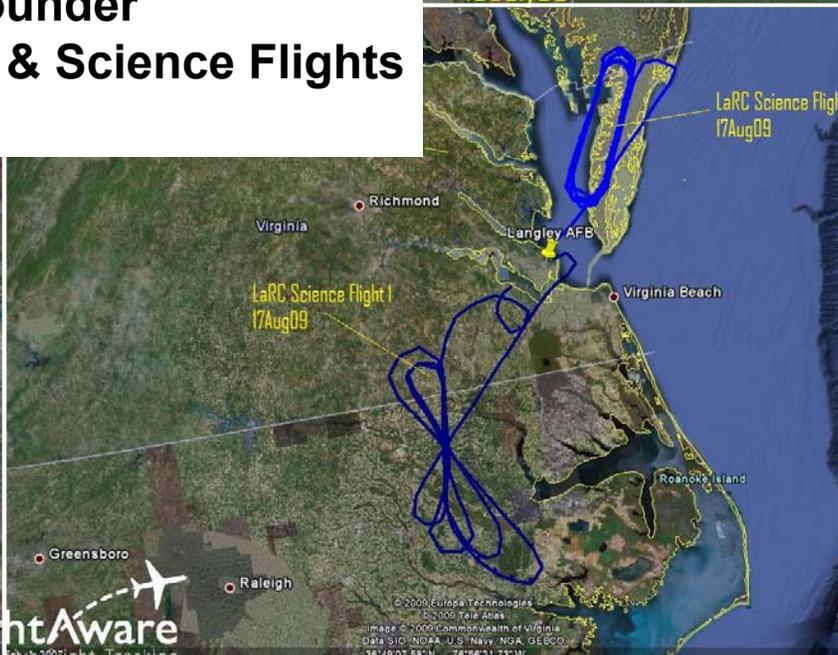
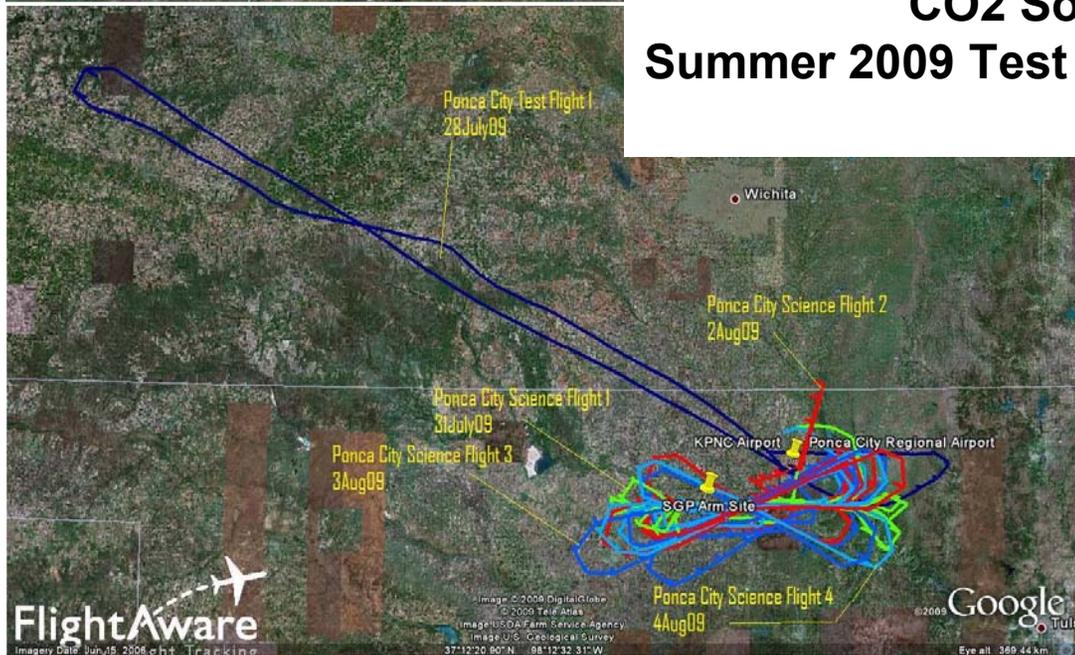
Graham Allan Photo

Distance
below
aircraft
(ft)





**CO2 Sounder
Summer 2009 Test & Science Flights**



1. Cessna Takeoff



2. Twin Otter Takeoff



3. Lear Takeoff

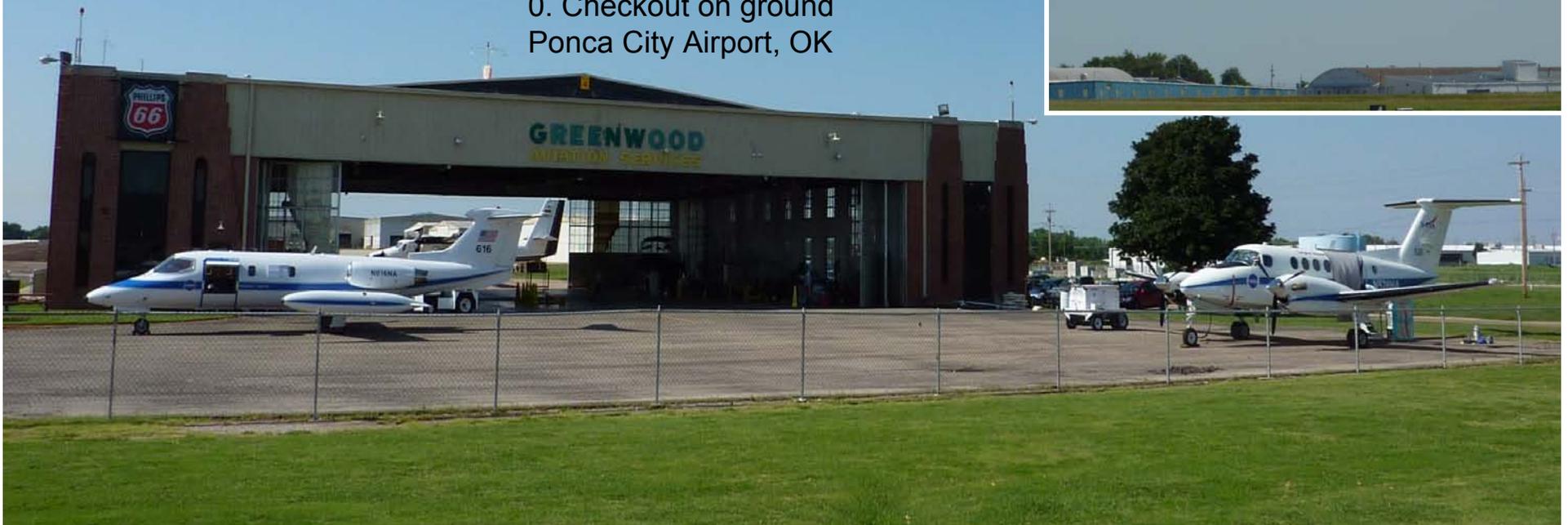


Coordinated Airborne Experiments to
Measure CO₂ column densities in support
of ASCENDS Mission Definition
(August 2009)

4. UC-12 Takeoff



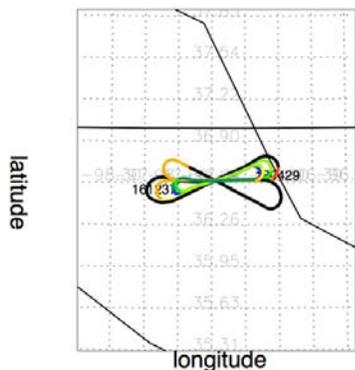
0. Checkout on ground
Ponca City Airport, OK

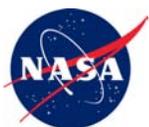




Examples of Line shapes vs Altitude

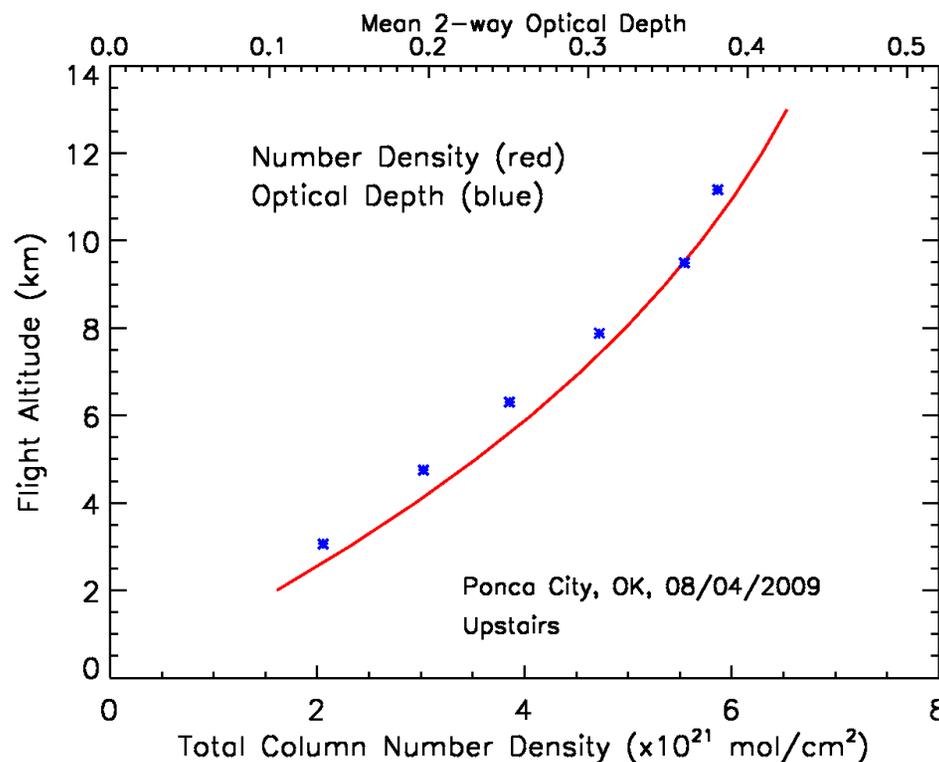
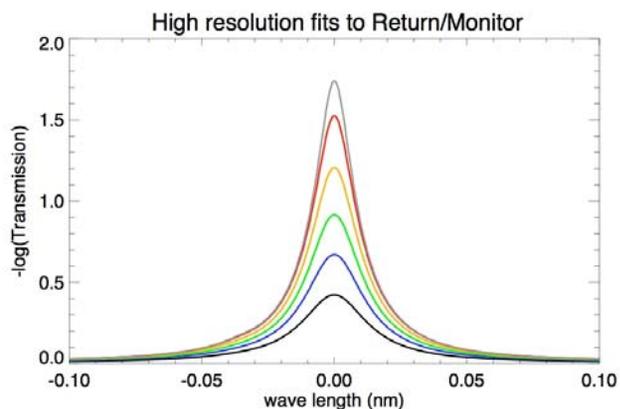
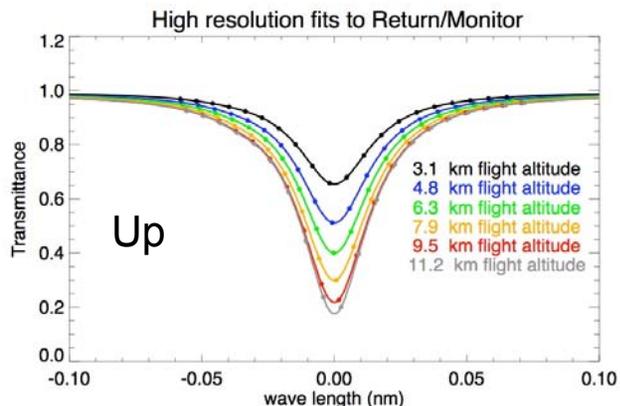
OK SGP ARM Site Flight 4 (Up) - August 4, 2009





Line Optical Density & # Density vs Altitude

Oklahoma SGP ARM Site - Flight 4: August 4, 2009

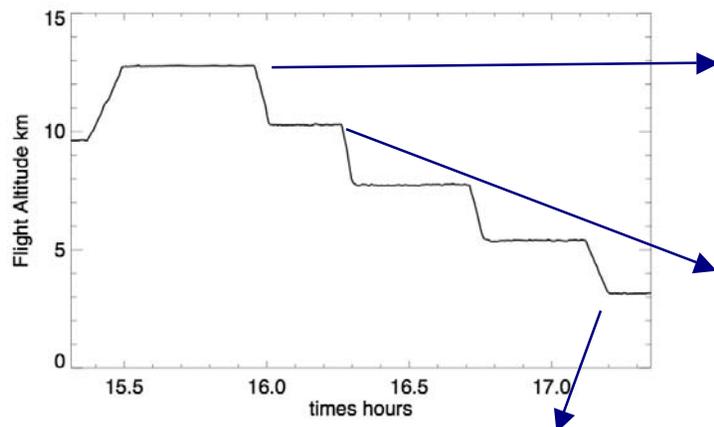
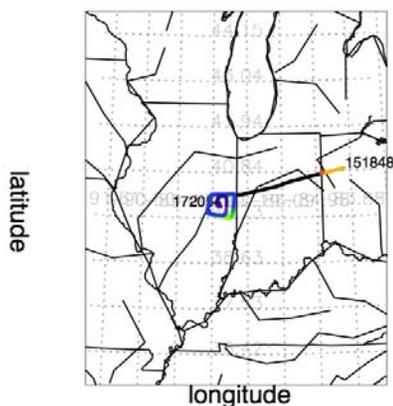


- Mean Optical Depths from line fits to CO₂ Sounder measurements
- # Densities calculated from LaRC in-situ sensor and radiosonde readings

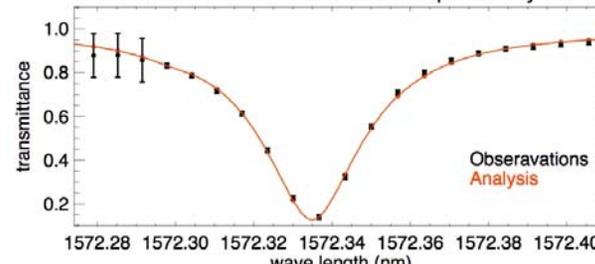


Examples of Line shapes vs Altitude

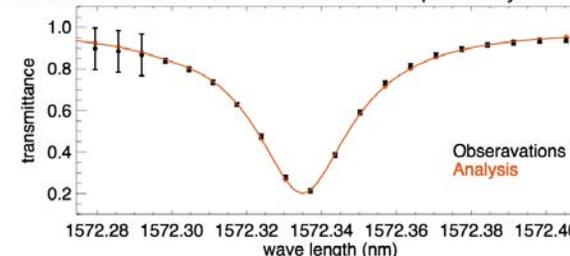
Homer IL - August 13, 2009



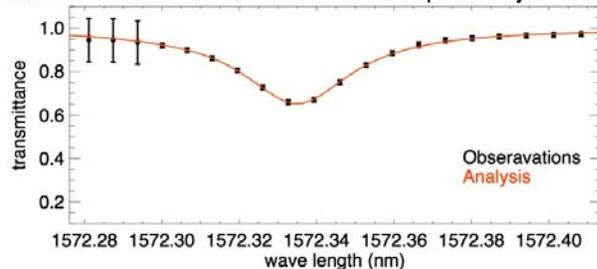
Altitude= 12.7 km Cost= 0.183 Line Shape w/o System Response



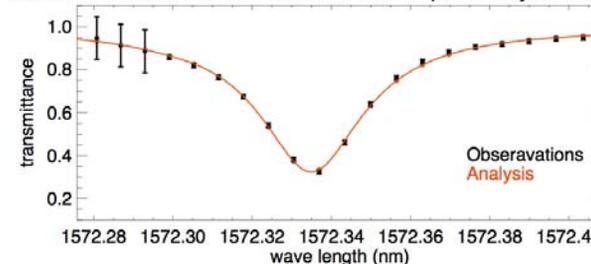
Altitude= 10.2 km Cost= 0.156 Line Shape w/o System Response



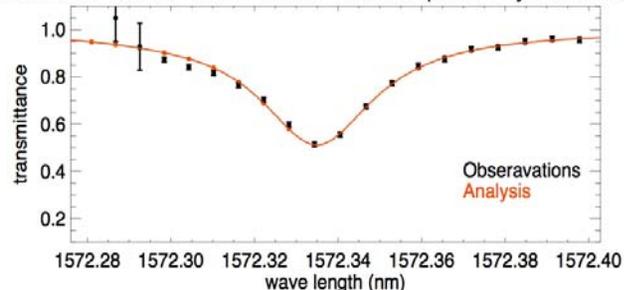
Altitude= 3.0 km Cost= 0.032 Line Shape w/o System Response



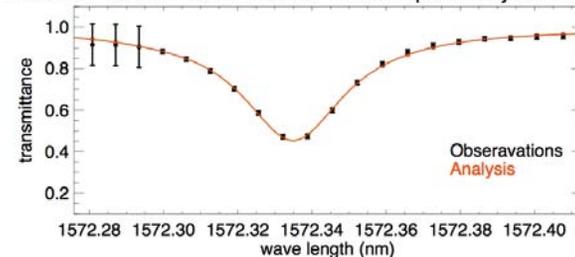
Altitude= 7.6 km Cost= 0.128 Line Shape w/o System Response



Altitude= 4.9 km Cost= 2.614 Line Shape w/o System Response



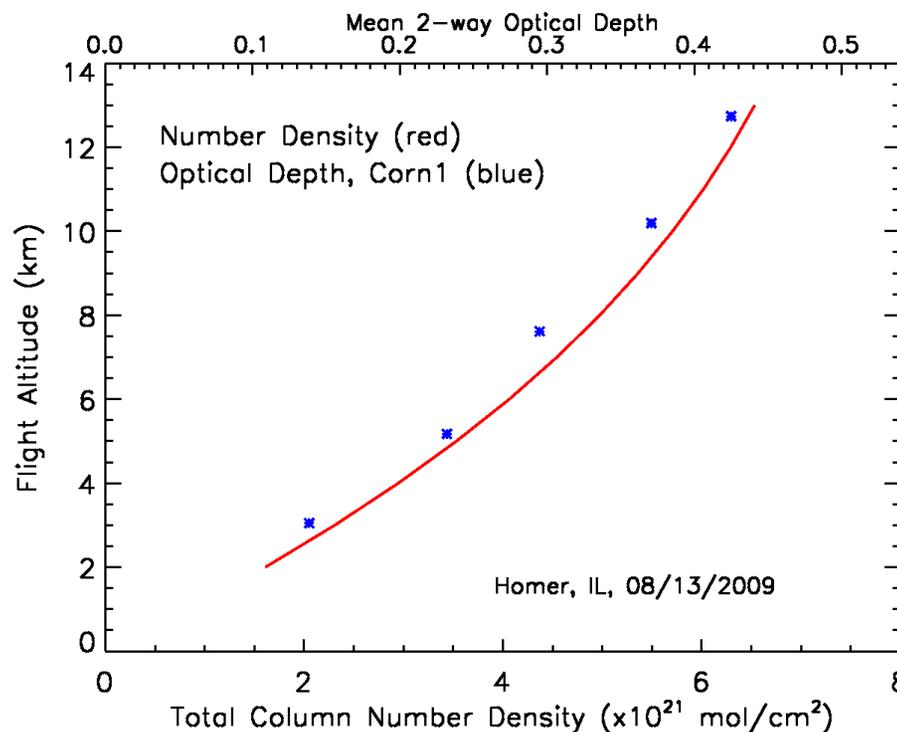
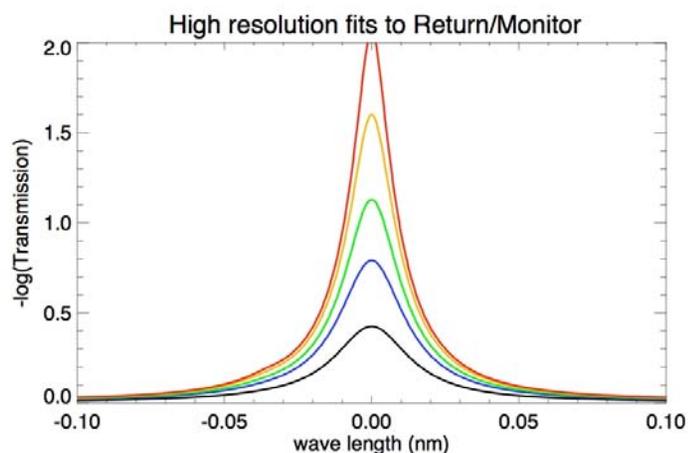
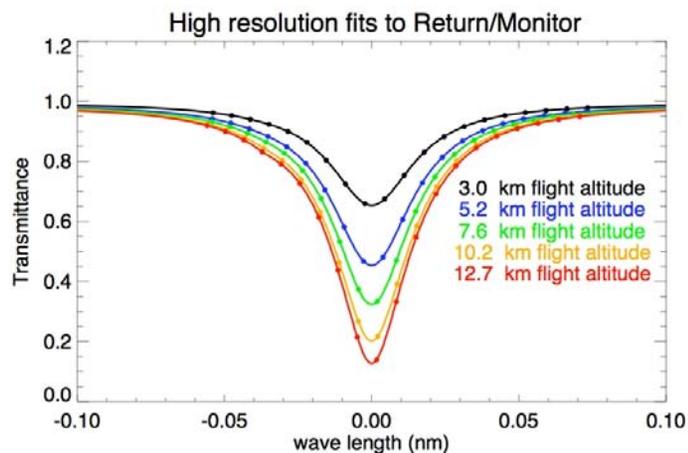
Altitude= 5.2 km Cost= 0.093 Line Shape w/o System Response



- Depth increases with altitude
- Smooth line shapes at all altitudes !



Line Optical Density & # Density vs Altitude Homer IL Flight - August 13, 2009

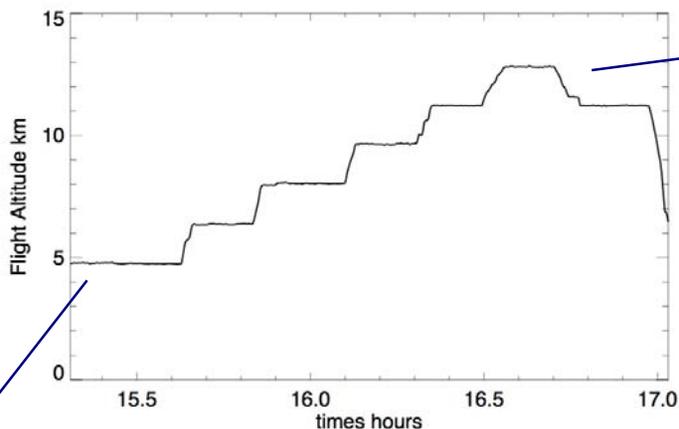
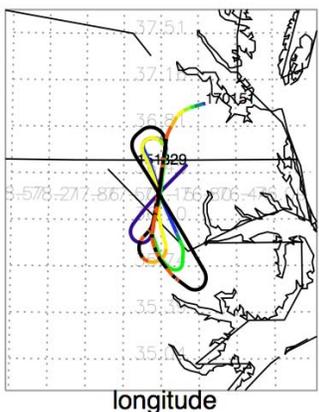


- Mean Optical Depths from line fits to CO₂ Sounder measurements
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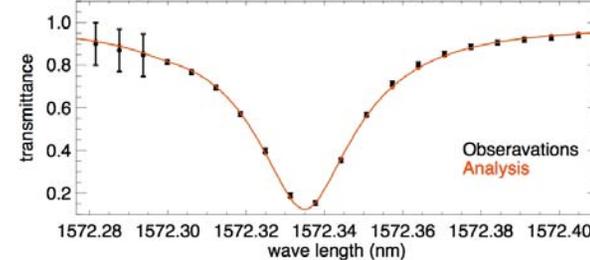


Examples of Line shapes vs Altitude

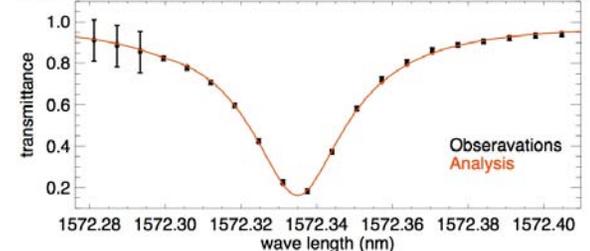
North Carolina Flight - August 17, 2009



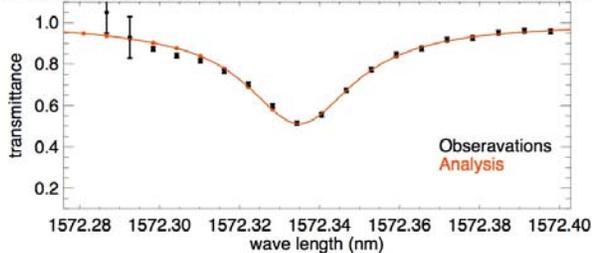
Altitude= 12.9 km Cost= 0.156 Line Shape w/o System Response



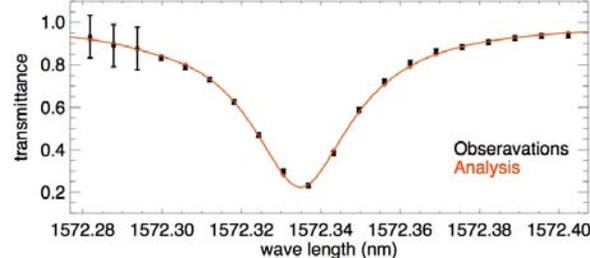
Altitude= 11.5 km Cost= 0.155 Line Shape w/o System Response



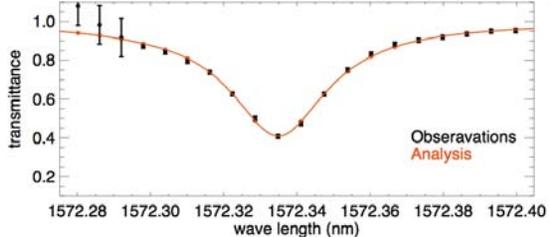
Altitude= 4.9 km Cost= 2.614 Line Shape w/o System Response



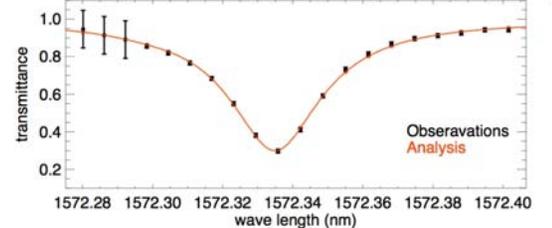
Altitude= 9.8 km Cost= 0.181 Line Shape w/o System Response



Altitude= 6.4 km Cost= 0.401 Line Shape w/o System Response

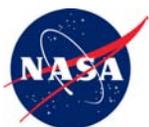


Altitude= 8.1 km Cost= 0.117 Line Shape w/o System Response

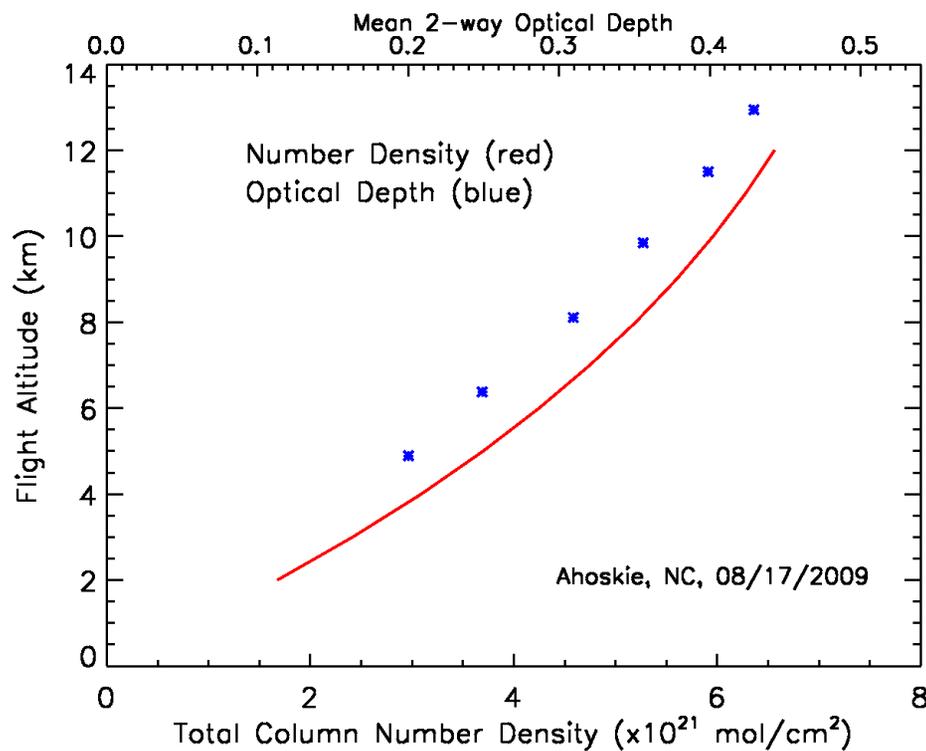
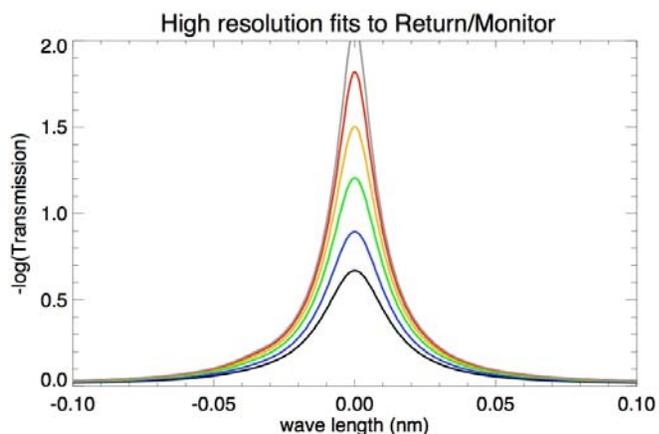
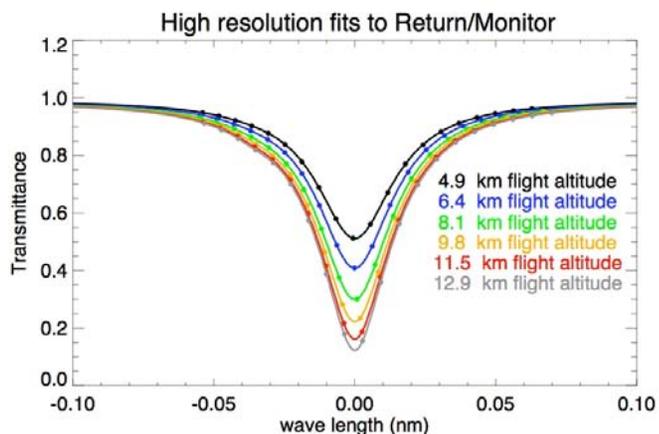


12/16/09

- Depth increases with altitude
- Smooth line shapes at all altitudes !



Line Optical Density & # Density vs Altitude North Carolina Flight - August 17, 2009



- Mean Optical Depths from line fits to CO₂ Sounder measurements
- # Densities calculated from LaRC in-situ sensor and radiosonde readings



Summary



- Airborne CO2 Lidar worked quite well in multiple flights, 3-13 km
- Measured optical depths increased with altitude, consistent with calculations
- Altimetry measurements & SNR consistent with theory
- CO2 calibrations and evaluations are ongoing

More information - A41C Poster Session, Thursday 8 am

A41C-0118. Signal to Noise Ratio Analysis of the Pulsed Airborne CO2 Lidar Measurements. X. Sun et al.

A41C-0119. Retrievals of column CO2 mixing ratio from airborne pulsed lidar measurements. C. J. Weaver; et al.

A41C-0121. Simulation Studies of Satellite Laser CO2 Mission Concepts. S. R. Kawa et al.

Acknowledgements

- NASA Headquarters - ASCENDS Mission definition
- NASA ESTO IIP-7 program; Goddard IRAD program
- NASA Glenn Aircraft Operations Office
- NASA LaRC & ACCLAIM group (Ed Browell, Yonghoon Choi)

Thank you !

